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winning technical proposals for subcontracts under those contracts (except for proprietary or business information):

- (3) Copies of documents describing administrative procedures, agreed to between the PRO and institutions or between a PRO and the Medicare intermediary or Medicare carrier;
- (4) Routine reports submitted by the PRO to HCFA to the extent that they do not contain confidential information.
- (5) Summaries of the proceedings of PRO regular and other meetings of the governing body and general membership except for those portions of the summaries involving PRO deliberations, which are confidential information and subject to the provisions of §476.139;
- (6) Public information in its possession:
- (7) Aggregate statiscal information that does not implicitly or explicitly identify individual patients, practitioners or reviewers;
- (8) Quality review study information including summaries and conclusions from which the identification of patients, practitioners and institutions has been deleted; and
- (9) Information describing the characteristics of a quality review study, including a study design and methodology.
- (b) Aggregate statistical information that does not implicitly or explicitly identify individual patients, practitioners or reviewers, to Federal or State health planning agencies (including Health Systems Agencies and State Health Planning and Development Agencies) in carrying out their health care planning and related activities.

[50 FR 15359, Apr. 17, 1985; 50 FR 41887, Oct. 16, 1985. Redesignated at 64 FR 66279, Nov. 24, 1999]

§ 480.121 Optional disclosure of nonconfidential information.

A PRO may, on its own initiative, subject to the notification requirements in §476.105, furnish the information available under §476.120 to any person, agency, or organization.

DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

§ 480.130 Disclosure to the Department.

Except as limited by §§ 476.139(a) and 476.140 of this subpart, PROs must disclose all information requested by the Department to it in the manner and form required.

§480.131 Access to medical records for the monitoring of PROs.

HCFA or any person, organization or agency authorized by the Department or Federal statute to monitor a PRO will have access to medical records maintained by institutions or health care practitioners on Medicare patients. The monitor can require copies of the records.

§ 480.132 Disclosure of information about patients.

- (a) General requirements for disclosure. Except as specified in paragraph (b) of this section, a PRO must—
- (1) Disclose patient identified information in its possession to the identified patient or the patient's representative if—
- (i) The patient or the patient's representative requests the information in writing;
- (ii) The request by a patient's representative includes the designation, by the patient, of the representative; and
- (iii) All other patient and practitioner identifiers have been removed.
- (2) Seek the advice of the attending practitioner that treated the patient regarding the appropriateness of direct disclosure to the patient 15 days before the PRO provides the requested information. If the attending practitioner states that the released information could harm the patient, the PRO must act in accordance with paragraph (c)(2) of this section. The PRO must make disclosure to the patient or patient's representative within 30 calendar days of receipt of the request.
- (b) Exceptions. (1) If the request is in connection with an initial denial determination under section 1154(a)(3) of the Act, the PRO—
- (i) Need not seek the advice of the practitioner that treated the patient